Cleaning & Disinfecting

Guidance on safe cleaning & disinfecting practices for COVID-19

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Cleaning - Disinfecting - Sanitizing: What do these terms mean??

- Cleaning: Removing dirt and impurities from surfaces.
 - Think "ELBOW GREASE"
- Disinfect: Killing germs on surfaces.
 - Using an <u>EPA approved disinfectant</u>
- Sanitize: Make clean and hygienic.
 - What occurs when cleaning and disinfecting both occur.







Cleaning

- Clean surfaces using soap and water.
- Practice routine cleaning of frequently touched surfaces

For additional information, visit:

CDC: Cleaning and Disinfecting Your Facility



- Tables
- Doorknobs
- Light switches
- Countertops
- Handles
- Desks
- Keyboards
- Toilets
- Faucets
- Sinks









Disinfecting

- Clean the area with soap and water THEN use disinfectant!!
- Use a disinfectant that has been approved by the EPA as effective against

COVID-19

- Follow the instructions on the label!!
- Many products recommend:
 - Keeping surface wet for a period of time
 - Use of PPE such as gloves or chemical splash goggles
 - Having good ventilation
- ► Click <u>here</u> for the list of EPA-registered household disinfectants

Is Bleach Safe & Effective Against COVID-19??

Bleach is on the list of EPA approved disinfectants!

- Bleach is a disinfectant NOT a cleaner
- Most effective on a clean surface

Bleach is corrosive to skin and eyes.

There are additional regulations that apply when using bleach.



Additional Requirements for Bleach

Training Requirements

- Any employee using bleach or bleach water must be provided with proper training.
- Training must be documented.



Personal Protective Equipment Requirements

- Any employee using bleach or bleach water must have proper PPE including:
 - Chemical-resistant gloves
 - Wrap-around or chemical splash goggles



Additional Requirements for Bleach

Labeling Requirements

- All secondary containers, such as spray bottles, must be labeled according to GHS labeling requirements, including:
- Full chemical name (no abbreviations)
- Dilution
- Any known hazards
 - Corrosive to skin and eyes

Bleach Water Solution 4 tsp: 1 quart Corrosive to skin and eyes

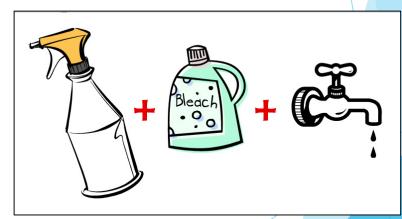
Disposal Requirements

- Any unused bleach water mixtures/ solutions must be properly disposed of each night.
- Bleach water loses its effectiveness with age, making it difficult to determine its germ killing properties.



Bleach: Mixing Process

- Bleach water must be mixed daily as it loses effectiveness with age.
- Bleach water must be mixed near an eyewash station (or within 10 seconds of an eyewash station) due to its corrosive nature
- Recommendations for bleach water solution:
 - ▶ 5 tablespoons (1/3 cup) bleach per gallon of water, or
 - 4 teaspoons bleach per quart of water



Bleach: Safe Practices



- Always add the bleach first THEN add the water
- NEVER mix bleach with other products, especially cleaners containing ammonia, alcohol, or acidic compounds (i.e. vinegar or window cleaner)
 - Ammonia + Bleach = Chloramine Gas
 - Ammonia + Alcohol = Chlorine Gas
 - Ammonia + Acidic Compounds = Chloroform
- Consider wearing protective clothing
 - ▶ Long-sleeved shirts that cover your skin in case of bleach spills or splashes.

Important Resources

- ▶ CDC Recommendations for Cleaning and Disinfecting Your Facility
 - https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/disinfecting-building-facility.html
- ► EPA: Disinfectants for Use Against SARS-CoV-2 (the virus that causes COVID-19)
 - https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-registration/list-n-disinfectants-use-against-sarscov-2